

Answers

Name _____

Homework



Show the one OR MORE particles it

↑
metals
form
CATIONS
(Mg^{2+})
(Na^+)

↑
that means
it's probably
an acid,
 H^+
Breaks
off

if ↑
ions form
in water
↑ (+) (-)
it conducts
electricity

Answers

Name _____

Homework



Compound	Metal Present?	H on the left?	Is it an acid?	Show the one OR MORE particles it makes when dissolved in water (you can often just chop off the metal part from the left OR you may like using a table of common ions for help)		Is it an electrolyte?
NaOH	yes	NO	NO	Na ⁺	OH ⁻	yes
HCl	NO	yes	yes	H ⁺	Cl ⁻	yes
KNO ₃	yes	NO	NO	K ⁺	NO ₃ ⁻	yes
HNO ₃	NO	yes	yes	H ⁺	NO ₃ ⁻	yes
HBr	NO	yes	yes	H ⁺	Br ⁻	yes
KCl	yes	NO	NO	K ⁺	Cl ⁻	yes
CO ₂	NO	NO	NO	just CO ₂		NO
NaBr	yes	NO	NO	Na ⁺	Br ⁻	yes
HCH ₃ COO	NO	yes	YES	H ⁺	CH ₃ COO ⁻	yes
NaF	yes	NO	NO	Na ⁺	F ⁻	yes
HF	NO	yes	YES	H ⁺	F ⁻	yes
CaO	yes	NO	NO	Ca ²⁺	O ²⁻	yes
CaF ₂	yes	NO	NO	Ca ²⁺	F ⁻ F ⁻	yes

1. On the back, make three lists titled "acids", "bases", "neither". Fill up the lists by copying the mystery numbers from things you find on the wall onto the back of this sheet.

We have a chemistry Quiz tomorrow mostly over the Car sheet.

See me: Ozi, Reynaldo, Shawn, Dominic, Rayonna, Stephanie, Alysha, Karl

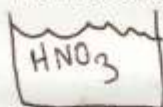
Purpose:

How do we show what acids do in water?

WARMUP:

#1

Under each cup write the pieces it breaks into. Then write "electrolyte" or "nonelectrolyte"



H^+ NO_3^-
"ELECTROLYTE"
conducts electricity



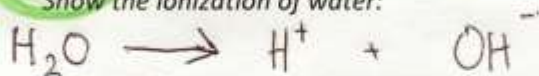
C_2H_6
"NONELECTROLYTE"
doesn't conduct

TODAY'S AGENDA (you don't need to copy this):

- Warmup
- Check HW
- Plug 120 volts into some acids and bases
- back of room walkaround
- Water is an acid
- Three Reactions

#2

Show the ionization of water:

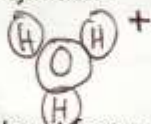


water forms a small number of ions at 25°C

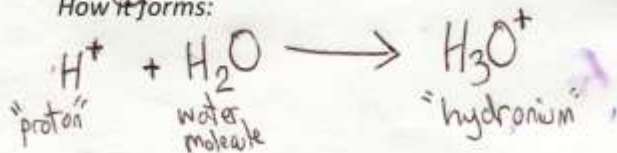
#3

What is hydronium?

Definition:



How it forms:



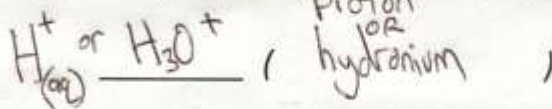
Two interchangeable symbols:

acids make
 H^+

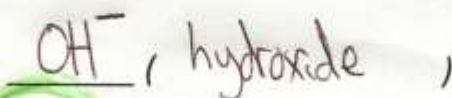
acids make
 H_3O^+

#4

All aqueous solutions contain



and



#5

How much $[H^+]$ is present?

Tomato juice:

Concentration of $H^+ = 0.0001 \frac{\text{moles}}{\text{Liter}}$

Gastric juice (stomach acid)

Concentration of $H^+ = 0.01 \frac{\text{mol}}{\text{L}}$

Black coffee

Concentration of $H^+ = 0.00001 \text{ M}$

Sea water

Concentration of $H^+ = 0.00000001 \text{ M}$

#6

Rule for measuring $[H^+]$ and $[OH^-]$:

$$0.00000000000001 M = \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{conc.} \\ \text{of} \\ H^+ \end{array} \right) \times \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{conc.} \\ \text{of} \\ OH^- \end{array} \right)$$

in other words

$$1 \times 10^{-14} M = [H^+][OH^-]$$

THIS SHOULD
ALREADY BE
IN YOUR NOTES
FROM YESTERDAY

	Bases	Acids
↓ taste	bitter	sour
pH	> 7	< 7
paper	blue	red
feel	slippery	water
electrify	yes	yes