

Nov. 6

PURPOSE: How Do we
Solve "Now" Problems?

WARMUP: Rearrange to
isolate the circled letter:

$\frac{PV}{RT} = \frac{nR}{V}$	$\frac{PV}{V} = \frac{nRT}{V}$
$\frac{PV}{RT} = n$	$P = \frac{nRT}{V}$

P is pressure

V is volume

R is a constant ($0.0821 \frac{\text{L} \cdot \text{atm}}{\text{mol} \cdot \text{K}}$)

T is temperature always in Kelvins

n is number of molecules in
moles

"the ideal gas law" is $PV = nRT$

There are two kinds of gas problems:

① before-and-after

33 L of gas at 125 K is heated to 300 K. Find the volume.

$$33 \text{ L} \times \left(\frac{300 \text{ K}}{125 \text{ K}} \right) = 79 \text{ L}$$

② "now" problems

If a gas bubble is 0.25 liters, 290 Kelvins, 1.5 atm, find the number of moles.

$$PV = nRT$$

$$\frac{PV}{RT} = n$$

$$\frac{(1.5 \text{ atm})(0.25 \text{ L})}{(0.0821 \frac{\text{L} \cdot \text{atm}}{\text{mol} \cdot \text{K}})(290 \text{ K})} = n$$

$$0.016 \frac{\text{moles}}{\text{mol}} = n$$

By the bell, solve these

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{P. } 356 \\ \hline 51, 57, 63 \text{ a,b,c} \end{array}$$

Get a stamp when done.