

Purpose: What is the technical definition of boiling?

Absolute temperature: always measured in kelvins. When you double absolute temperature it doubles the energy of motion.

Absolute zero:

Zero Kelvins.

All motion stops.

Example:

What temperature would have

half the kinetic energy of  $27^{\circ}\text{C}$ ?

Formula  $\text{Celsius}^{\circ} + 273 = \text{kelvins}$

$$(27) + 273 = 300 \text{ kelvins}$$

$$300 \div 2 = 150 \text{ kelvins}$$

(answer)

Absolute temperature: is measured in  
kelvins

$$\text{Conversion: } {}^{\circ}\text{C} + 273 = \text{kelvins}$$

Absolute zero: the temperature where all vibration stops. It is zero kelvins

What temperature would have half the kinetic energy of 27°C?

$$27 + 273 = 300 \text{ kelvins}$$

$$\text{Answer: } \frac{300\text{K}}{2} = 150 \text{ kelvins}$$

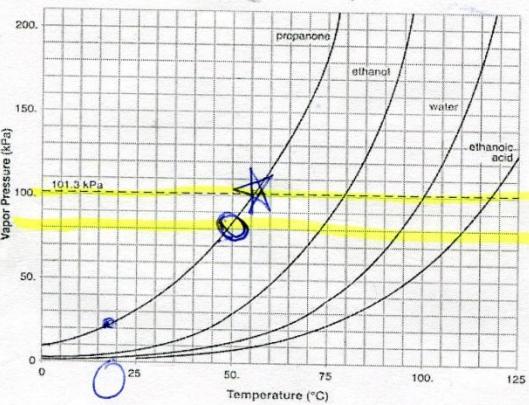
What temperature would have double the kinetic energy of

$$0^{\circ}\text{C? } 0 + 273 = 273 \text{ kelvins}$$

$$273 \times 2 = 546 \text{ kelvins}$$

(answer)

Table II  
Vapor Pressure of Four Liquids



ANY LIQUID WILL BOIL IF  
YOU CAN MAKE THE VAPOR  
PRESSURE EQUAL THE  
AIR PRESSURE OF THE ROOM

EXAMPLE What temperature will  
water boil in Colorado?

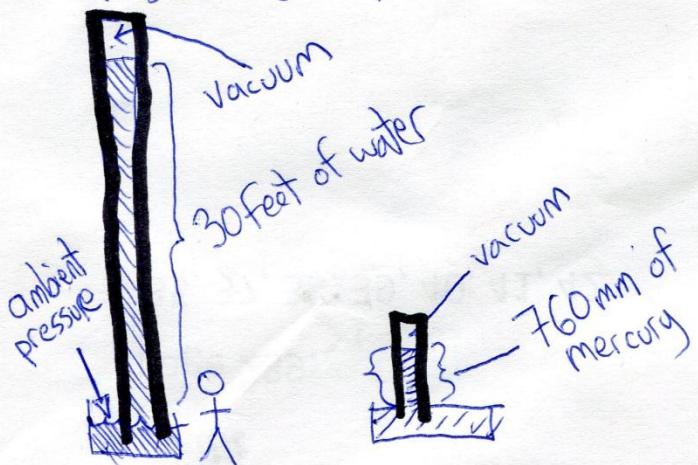
Answer:  $90^{\circ}\text{C}$  \*

Example In Colorado what is the  
boiling temperature of ethanol?

Answer:  $70^{\circ}\text{C}$

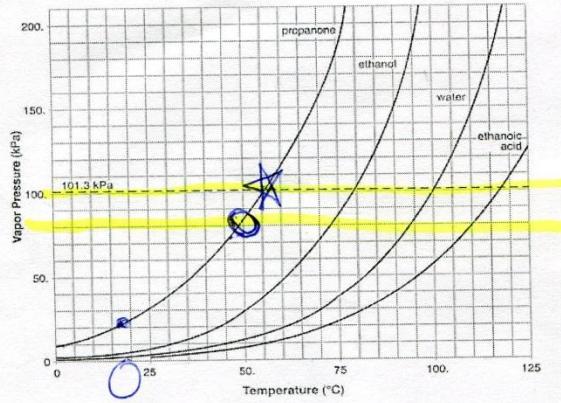
AMBIENT PRESSURE pressure  
from the atmosphere

VACUUM - the complete  
absence of matter.



A BAROMETER IS A MACHINE  
THAT MEASURES AMBIENT  
PRESSURE -

Table II  
Vapor Pressure of Four Liquids



Normal  
pressure  
(Sea level)

★ - propanone boils at  
 $55^{\circ}\text{C}$  at 101 kPa

○ - propanone boils at  $50^{\circ}\text{C}$   
in Colorado