

# PT 1

2/26/14

Purpose: How to calculate the gain & loss of energy.

- pregnant mom gives heat to the baby
- Girl friend Rolling over heating up the boyfriend's instead Nostrail w/ Bad Morning breath.
- 2 Skinny girls hugging in a deep freezer

{ \* Exothermic - heat goes out }  
{ \* Endothermic - heat goes in } vocab words

EX.

a.) Sketch.



b.) equation:

Methane → SMOKE

OR

Methane → SMOKE

\* we assumed Methane was the system

( $\Delta H = \frac{NE}{TUV}$ )

c.) statement: if we choose

that the system is "Methane" this change is Exothermic

⇒ d. Chose "Chicken" as a system, the change is Endothermic

# PT 2.

## 2) Units of heat

a. Joule - Metric unit of energy

b. Kilojoule - 1,000 = 1 Joule

c. Calorie - is the amount of energy needed to raise 1 gram of water by 1 degree Celsius.

d. Capital "C" calories for food -

e. Conversion factors

$$1000 \text{ calories} = 1 \text{ Calorie}$$

$$4.184 \text{ joules} = 1 \text{ calorie}$$

$$1000 \text{ joules} = 1 \text{ kilojoule}$$

f. ex. Seaweed  $\rightarrow$  SHI \*  
(Food table says  $\Delta H = 10$  <sup>Calories</sup> / <sub>12 p.c's.</sub>)

## 3) calculate How Many.

a) Calories of energy gained eating 3 pieces of seaweed

$$3 \text{ pieces} \times \left( \frac{10 \text{ (Calories)}}{12 \text{ pieces}} \right) = 2.5 \text{ Calories}$$

b.) Joules of energy gained by you eating 22 pieces of seaweed.

$$22 \text{ pieces} \left( \frac{10 \text{ (Calories)}}{12 \text{ pieces}} \right) \left( \frac{1,000 \text{ calories}}{1 \text{ Calorie}} \right) \left( \frac{4.184 \text{ Joules}}{1 \text{ calorie}} \right) = 77,000 \text{ Joules}$$