Grams-to-grams & percent yield.

CAeMis+ry: http://genest.weebly.com Stop in for help every day at lunch and Tues & Thurs after school!



 Find the number of grams of O₂ which are needed to produce 20.0 g of P₂O₅ at STP, according to this balanced equation:



$$20.09 \stackrel{P_2O_5}{\sim} \times \left(\begin{array}{c} P_{4(s)} + 5O_{2(0)} \longrightarrow 2P_2O_{5(s)} \\ P_2O_5 \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) \times \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ O_2 \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) \times \left(\begin{array}{c} grains \\ O_2 \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ O_2 \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) \times \left(\begin{array}{c} grains \\ O_2 \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ O_2 \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) \times \left(\begin{array}{c} grains \\ O_2 \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ O_2 \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ O_2 \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ O_2 \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ O_2 \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} mol \\ P_2O_5 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left$$

2. For this balanced reaction, calculate the following

$$CaH_2 + 2H_2O \rightarrow Ca(OH)_2 + 2H_2$$

a. If 3.03x10-5 grams of CaH2 react, how many grams of water react?

=	grams H ₂ O	mol H ₂ O	mol CaH ₂	g CaH ₂
	mol H ₂ O	mol CaH ₂	g CaH ₂	albe when he is

b. If 0.746 moles of water react, how many moles of CaH2 will react? HINT: ONE STEP CONVEYS 101, USING THE COEFFICIENTS

c. If 0.746 GRAMS of water react, how many GRAMS of CaH2 will react?

HINT: THREE STEP CONVERSION, USING

THE PERIODIC TABLE

Hints: On 2(b) just do a one step conversion using the coefficients but on 2(c) calculate the same as on 2(a)

3. Using the Hoffman apparatus for electrolysis, a chemist decomposes 36 g of water into its gaseous elements. How many grams of hydrogen gas should she get (theoretical yield)?

first write and balance an equation

then do a grows-to-grows conversion LIKE IN PROBLEM #1

4. Suppose 4.61 g of zinc was allowed to react with hydrochloric acid to produce zinc chloride and hydrogen gas.

a. How much zinc chloride should you get?

b. Suppose that you actually recovered 8.56 g of zinc chloride. What is your percent yield?

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